CHAPTER – 1 Social Pharmacy

Topic: Private and public health care

1.1

INTRODUCTION

Time to time India provide the health care model regarding to the patient care and other manifestations. India healthcare delivery system is categorized into two major components.

- 1. Private health care system
- 2. Public health care system.

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Private health care system

- India has a total of 43,486 private hospitals, 1.18 million beds, 59,264 ICUs, and 29,631 ventilators. On the other hand, there are 25,778 public hospitals, 713,986 beds, 35,700 ICUs, and 17,850 ventilators.
- Total private infrastructure accounts for nearly 62% of all of India's health infrastructure.
- Private health care system provides the all facilities regarding to the public health and full fill the public requirement and pay the appropriate amount of fee.
- In the private system new and improve quality equipment and hygienic system provide to the patient and also provided the proper and counsel medication by the pharmacists or nurses.
- Private sectors provide the suited aeration condition, proper ventilation, neat and clean places, for the patient and guardians.
- In the private sector, well-educated and trained medical professionals are diagnosed the patient and provide the personalized attention to the patient.
- During the admit condition it provide the different facilities like (general ward, private ward, and special ward) accordance to our budget or fee payment.
- Staffs (doctors, nurses, pharmacists) and workers are very active in private and timely checkup the patient conditions and provide the sufficient drug doses and treatment.
- Private sectors provide the quick treatment during the emergency condition or trauma and also provide the successful surgery.

Example of private health care system: —

- 1. Multispecialty hospitals
- 2. Nursing homes
- 3. Private clinics
- 4. NGOs clinics or hospital.

Public health care system

- These systems are very helpful in rural area.
- In public health care primary, secondary, tertiary, facilities are provided according to the patient conditions and needs.
- All people are not afford the high payment or fee so, the government open up new Public HealthCare System to full fill the poor and needy persons need for their treatment.
- In public sector many advancement equipment and hygienic materials are provided by the government for the checkup and diagnosis of the patients.
- In public sector also appointed well educated and trend medical professional (Doctors, Nurses, Pharmacists).
- In public system, medication and checkup facilities provide without any fee or payment.
- OPD and IPD systems are always open timely to timely and emergency ward are always open forcuring of patients.
- Government also provided the regular vaccination and separate the different department according to patients needs like (Cardiology department, ophthalmology department, oncologydepartment, tuberculosis department, gynecology department).